

TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION NETWORK CHALLENGES WITH LARGER SCALE RES INTEGRATION



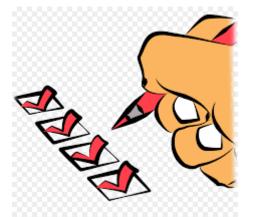
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PPL session "Development of energy infrastructure: transmission and distribution grids and energy storage" 17 December 2020



CONTENT



- 1) Introduction
- 2) Quality of TSO/DSO service
- 3) Ancilary services
- 4) Network planning



WHY IS NETWORK IMPORTANT ?

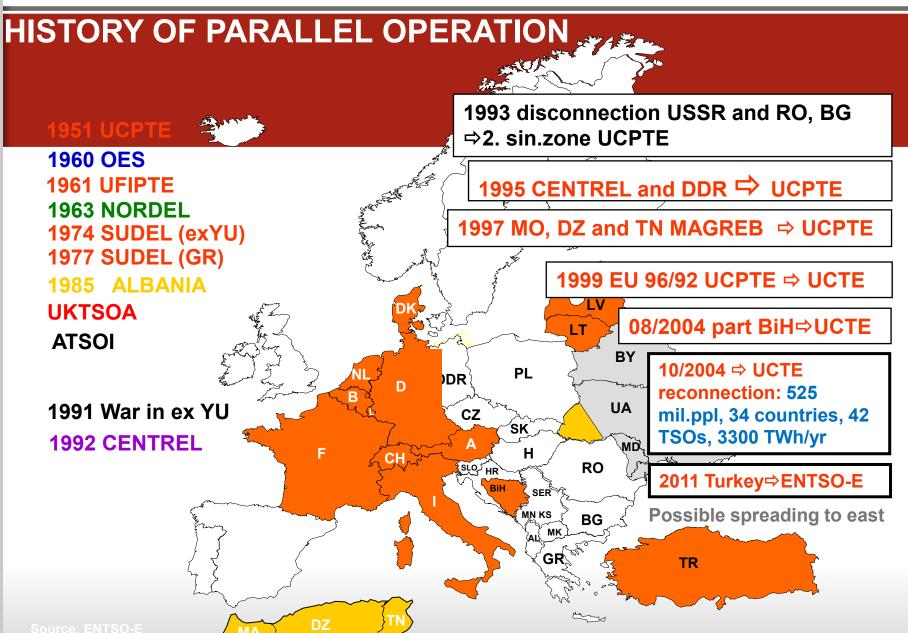
- 1) Initially not designed for large market activities or DG
- 2) Generation capacity and location is rapidly changing
- 3) Introduction of user response

The Price Coupling of Regions (PRC) initiative now enables the coupling of Day Ahead electricity markets in 23 countries representing over 90% of European power consumption.

Part of PCR initiative today
4 MMC
Independent

Source: EPEX, NordPool Consulting







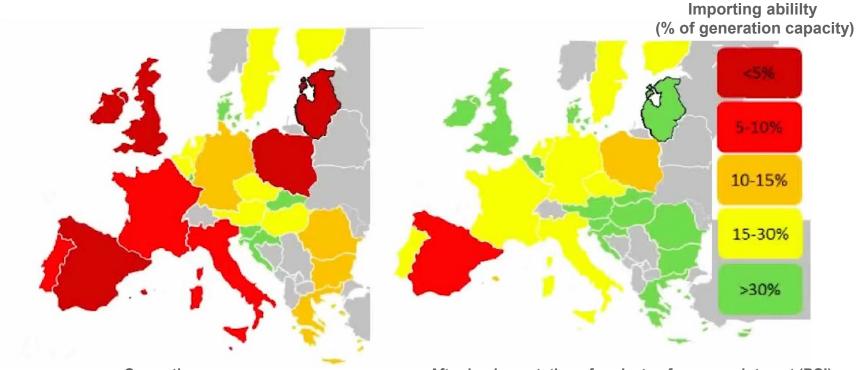
EUROPEAN POWER SYSTEM TODAY



the largest synchronous electrical grid in the world by connected power



WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT ?



Currently

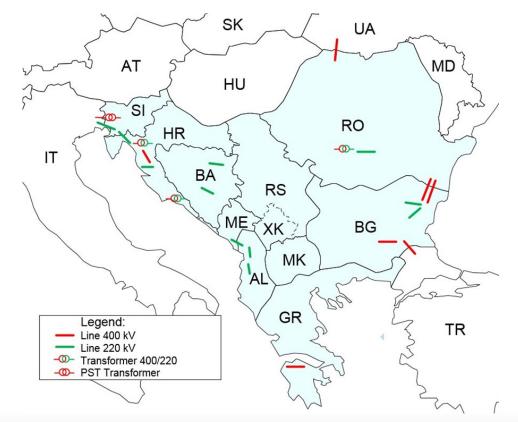
After implementation of projects of common interest (PCI)

TARGET: Remove red colors !

Source: DG Energy



HIGH RES CAUSES SEVERAL NEW NETWORK BOTTLENECKS IN 2030



Just 22 detected critical network elements in all large RES scenarios → clear evidence of robust and well-planned network



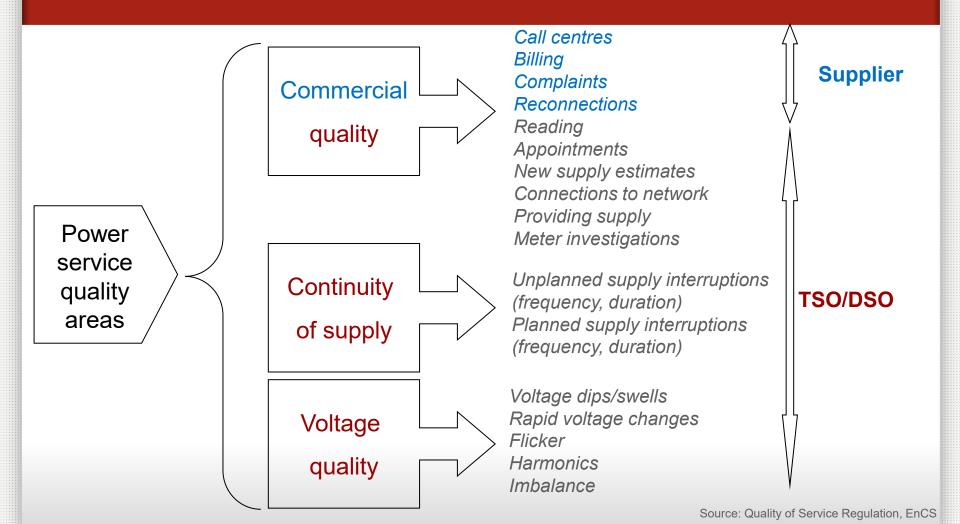


#2 QUALITY OF TSO / DSO SERVICE



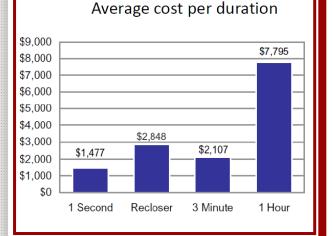


TSO/DSO SERVICE QUALITY





WHY IS TSO/DSO QoS IMPORTANT ?



Source: EPRI - The Cost of Power Disturbances to Industrial and Digital Economy Companies Half of all computer problems and one-third of all data loss can be traced back to the power line... Contingency Planning Research, 1996

A manufacturing company lost more than \$3 million one day last summer in Silicon Valley when "light went out".... New York Times, 2000

Berkeley Lab Study Estimates \$80 billion Annual Cost of Power Interruptions.... Berkeley Lab, 2005

30-40 % of all business downtime is related to power quality problems... Electric Power and Light Magazine, 2008

\$50 Billion per year in the USA is lost as result of power quality breakdowns... Bank of America Report 2012



TSO/DSO SERVICE QUALITY INDICATORS

System-level:



- Advantage: represents the system quality level in a compact way
- Disadvantage: can hide low quality areas

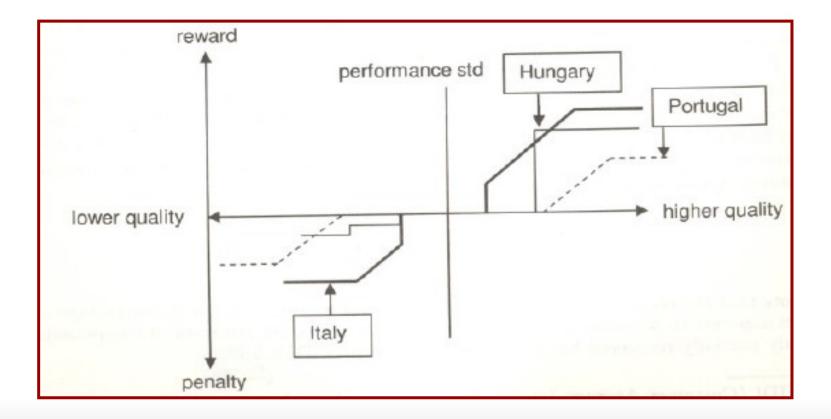
Individual:

- Advantage: measures the quality level offered to each customer
- Disadvantage: necessary equipment to measure them; high costs

QoS introduced in: Italy – 2000, Norway, Ireland – 2001, UK – 2002, Hungary, Portugal – 2003, Sweden – 2004

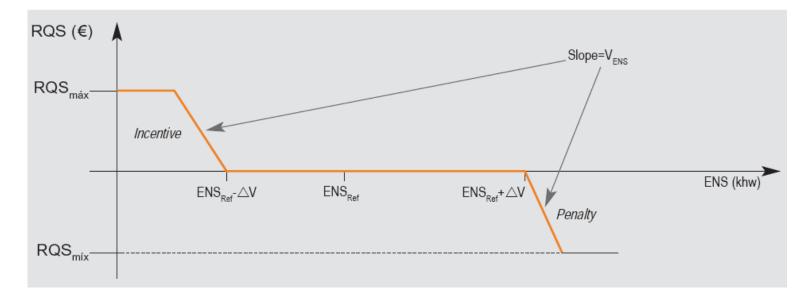


ELECTRICITY NOT SUPPLIED -TSO/DSO incentive scheme-





TSO/DSO ENS INCENTIVE SCHEME – Portugese case -



- The reward and the penalty have the same maximum value: |RQS_{min}|= |RQS_{max}| = 5 000 000 €
- Target: ENS_{Ref} = 0,0004 x ES (ES=energy supplied in the year)
- Dead band: $\pm \bigtriangleup V = 0,12 \text{ x ENS}_{Ref}$
- Value of ENS: V_{ENS} = 1,5 €/kWh



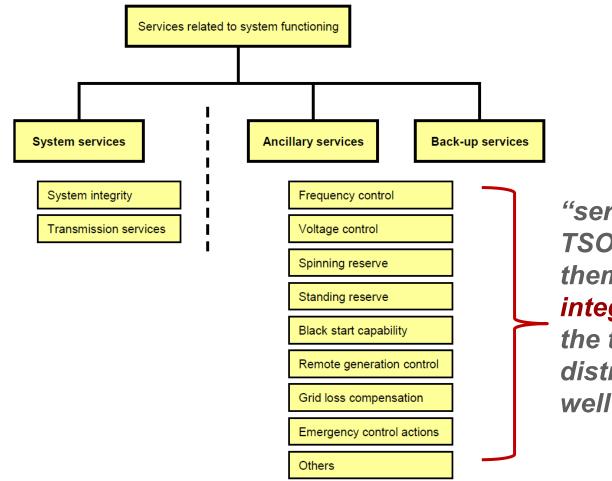


#3 ANCILLARY SERVICES





ANCILLARY SERVICES DEFINITION



"services required by the TSO and DSO to enable them to maintain the integrity and stability of the transmission or distribution system as well as the power quality."



FREQUENCY CONTROL EXAMPLE

Analogy with lake, inflows and sinks...

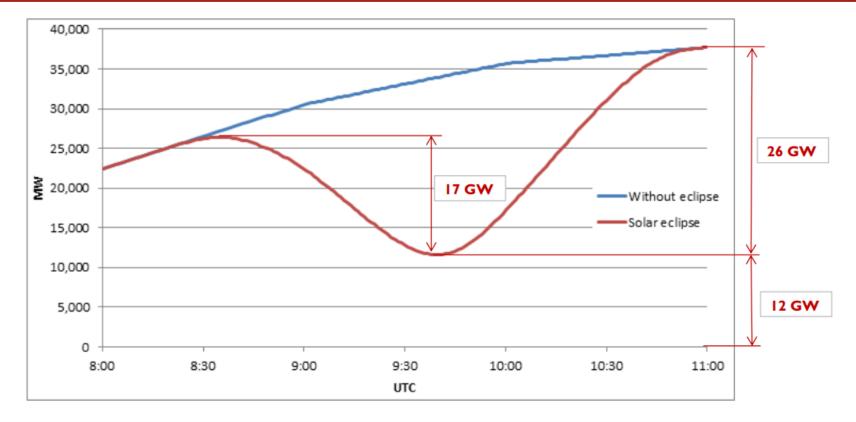


water level in the lake should remain constant all the time no matter of variable inflows and sinks – we need regulating source

Problem: "regulating source" is not TSO/DSO property – need to be purchased



FREQUENCY CONTROL EXAMPLE

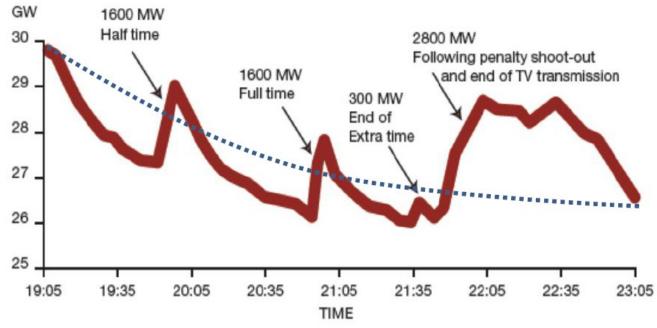


Solar eclipse, PV generation, Europe 20.3.2015 (similar in the USA 21.7.2017)



FREQUENCY CONTROL EXAMPLE

England Vs Germany 1990, World Cup Semi-Final, Kick Off 19:00



Source: NGC

ANCILLARY SERVICES

United Kingdom



15 - 20 years

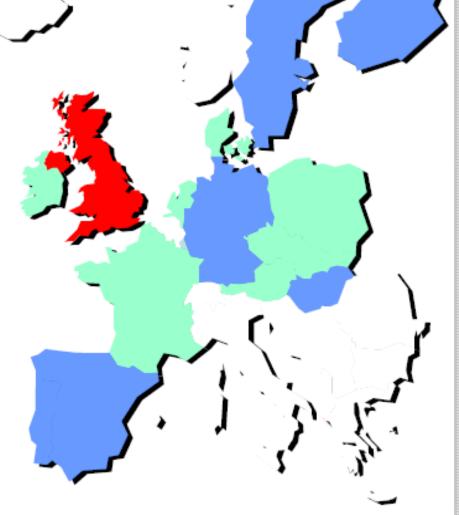
over 20 years

Finland Germany Hungary Portugal Spain Sweden

10 - 15 years

Austria Czech Republic Denmark France Ireland Netherlands Poland Slovakia

10 years or less





EXAMPLE: Germany – Poland cross border exchange

Challenges of large scale integration of intermittent generation: UNPLANNED LOOP FLOWS





EXAMPLE: Germany – Poland cross border exchange

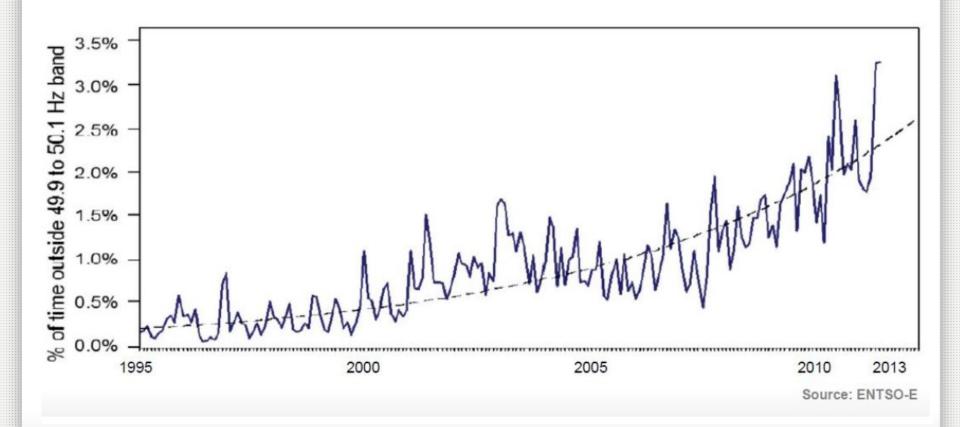
Unplanned flows



© World Energy Council 2014



EVOLUTION OF FREQUENCY DEVIATIONS IN ENTSO-E



Note: 2.5% of a time per year = 219 hours > 9 days !





#4 NETWORK PLANNING



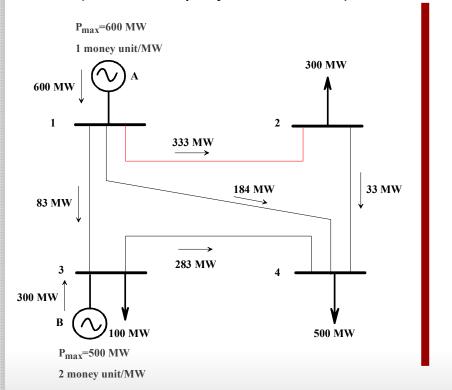




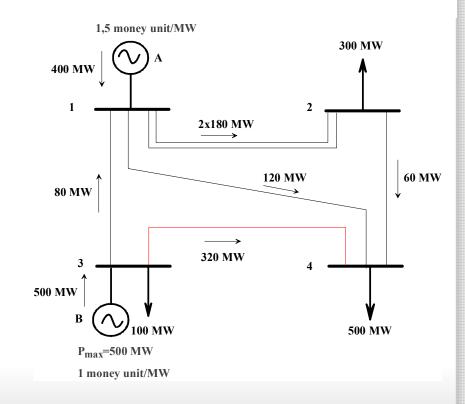
EXAMPLE: Network planning uncertainties

BASE CASE – overloading of the line 1-2

(transmission capacity of all lines 300 MW)



CASE 1 – different generators bidding behavior



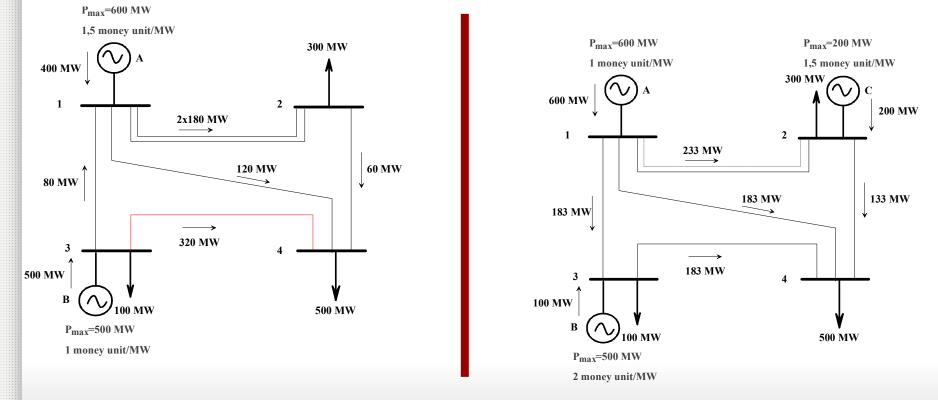
CASE 1 RESULT: TWO network investments needed



EXAMPLE: Network planning uncertainties

CASE 1 – different generators bidding behavior

CASE 2 – new generator in the node 2

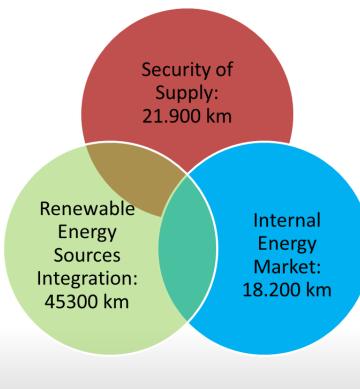


CASE 2 RESULT : NO network investments needed



ENTSO-E 10-YEARS DEVELOPMENT PLAN

ENTSO-e: 150 billion EUR & 52 300 km lines in next 10 years (87% (45 300 km) related to RES)



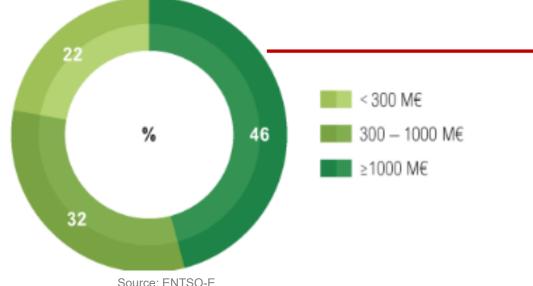
Investment cost breakdown (bil.€)

AT	1.9	IE	2.0
BA	0.1	IS	0.0 ³⁰
BE	2.0-4.0	IT	5.9
BG	0.3	LT	0.7
СН	1.6	LU	0.2
СҮ	0.0	LV	0.4
CZ	1.5	ME	0.1
DE	34.8-54.2	MK	0.1
DK	3.7	NI	0.5
EE	0.2	NL	3.3
ES	4.3	NO	7.9
FI	0.8	PL	1.9
FR	8.4	PT	0.7
GB	15.9-16.2	RO	0.5
GR	2.6	RS	0.4
HR	0.2	SE	3.6
HU	0.1	SI	0.6
		SK	0.3
Total	110-150		



WHY IS COORDINATED NETWORK **PLANNING IMPORTANT ?**

ENTSO-E 10-YEAR DEVELOPMENT PLAN



46 % of the projects display costs greater than 1 bil.€

NO MISTAKES ALLOWED!

Source: ENTSO-E

€150bn

investments, of which 70-80 by 2030

50% to 80%

emissions cut depending on the vision

1 to 2 €/MWh

impact on bills due to transmission investment

1.5 to 5 €/MWh

potential reduction in wholesale prices

45 to 60%

RES across 4 Visions for 2030

40% reduction in congestion hours



NETWORK PLANNING UNCERTAINTIES



- 1. New power plants size and locations
- 2. Load growth
- 3. **RES** integration
- 4. Future market transactions
- 5. Unknown generators dispatch
- 6. Electricity market price



WHAT ABOUT FUTURE ?

